# ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸಹಾಯಕ ಪ್ರಾಧ್ಯಾಪಕರ ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ (ಕೆ–ಸೆಟ್) KARNATAKA STATE ELIGIBILITY TEST (K-SET) FOR ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

Subject: SOCIOLOGY Subject Code: 07

# **Syllabus**

# **Unit – 1: Sociological Theory**

- 1. Classical Sociological Traditions
  - Emile Durkheim
  - Max Weber
  - Karl Marx
- 2. Structure Functionalism and Structuralism
  - Bronislaw Malinowski
  - A.R.Radcliffe-Brown
  - Talcott Parsons
  - Robert K. Merton
  - Claude Levi Strauss
- 3. Hermeneutic and Interpretative Traditions
  - G.H. Mead
  - Karl Manheim
  - Alfred Schutz
  - Harold Garfinkel
  - Erving Garffman
  - Clifford Geertz
- 4. Post Modernism, Post Structuralism and Post Colonialism
  - Edward Said
  - Pierre Bourdieu
  - Michel Foucault

- Jurgen Habermas
- Anthony Giddens
- Manuel Castells

#### 5. Indian Thinkers

- ` M.K. Gandhi
- B.R. Ambedkar
- Radha Kamal Mukherjee
- G. S. Ghurye
- M.N. Srinivas
- Irawati Karve

## **Unit – 2: Research Methodology and Methods**

- 1. Conceptualizing Social Reality
  - Philosophy of Science
  - Scientific Method and Epistemology in Social Science
  - Hermeneutic Traditions
  - Objectivity and Reflexivity in Social Science
  - Ethics and Politics
- 2. Formulating Research Design
  - Reading Social Science Research, Data and Documents
  - Induction And Deduction
  - Fact, Concept and Theory
  - Hypotheses, Research Questions, Objectives
- 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Methods
  - Ethnography
  - Survey Method
  - Historical Method
  - Comparative Method

## 4. Techniques

- Sampling
- Questionnaire and Schedule
- Statistical Analysis
- Observation, Interview and Case study
- Interpretation, Date Analysis and Report Writing

# **Unit - 3: Basic Concepts and Institutions**

- 1. Sociological Concepts
  - Social Structure
  - Culture
  - Network
  - Status and Role
  - Identity
  - Community
  - Diaspora
  - Values, Norms and Rules
  - Personhood, Habits and Agency
  - Bureaucracy, Power and Authority

#### 2. Social Institutions

- Marriage, Family and Kinship
- Economy
- Polity
- Religion
- Education
- Law and Customs

#### 3. Social Stratification

- Social Difference, Hierarchy, Inequality and Marginalization
- Caste and Class

- Gender, Sexuality and Disability
- Race, Tribe and Ethnicity

### 4. Social Change and Processes

- Evolution and Diffusion
- Modernization and Development
- Social Transformations and Globalization
- Social Mobility

#### **Unit – 4: Rural and Urban Transformation**

- 1. Rural and Peasant Society
  - Caste Tribe Settlements
  - Agrarian Social Structure and Emergent Class Relations
  - Land Ownership and Agrarian Relations
  - Decline of Agrarian Economy, De-Peasantization and Migration
  - Agrarian Unrest and Peasant Movements
  - Changing Inter Community Relations and Violence

#### 2. Urban Society

- Urbanism, Urbanity and Urbanization
- Towns, Cities and Meg Cities
- Industry, Service and Business
- Neighbourhood, Slums and Ethnic Enclaves
- Middle Class and Gated Communities
- Urban Movements and Violence

## **Unit – 5**: State, Politics and Development

- 1. Political Processes in India
  - Tribe, Nation State and Border

- Bureaucracy
- Governance and Development
- Public Policy: Health, Education and Livelihoods
- Political culture
- Grass –root Democracy
- Law and Society
- Gender and Development
- Corruption
- Role of International Development Organizations

#### 2. Social Movements and Protests

- Political Factions, Pressure Groups
- Movements based on Caste, Ethnicity, Ideology, Gender, Disability, Religion and Region
- Civil Society and Citizenship
- NGOs, Activism and Leadership
- Reservations and Politics

### **Unit – 6 : Economy and Society**

- Exchange, Gift, Capital, Labour and Market
- Mode of Production Debates
- Property and Property Relations
- State and Market: Welfarism and Neoliberalism
- Models of Economic Development
- Poverty and Exclusion
- Factory and Industry Systems
- Changing Nature of Labour Relations
- Gendre and Labour Process
- Business and Family
- Digital Economy, E-Commerce

- Global Business and Corporates
- Tourism
- Consumption

## **Unit – 7: Environment and Society**

- Social and Cultural Ecology: Diverse Forms
- Technological Change, Agriculture and Biodiversity
- Indigenous Knowledge Systems and Ethno Medicine
- Gender and Environment
- Forest Policies, Adivasis and Exclusion
- Ecological Degradation and Migration
- Development, Displacement and Rehabilitation
- Water and Social Exclusion
- Disasters and Community Responses
- Environmental Pollution, Public Health and Disability
- Climate Change and International Policies
- Environmental Movements

#### Unit – 8: Family, Marriage and Kinship

- Theoretical Approaches: Structure-Functionalist, Alliance and Cultural
- Gender Relations and Power Dynamics
- Inheritance, Succession and Authority
- Gender, Sexuality and Reproduction
- Children, Youth and Elderly
- Emotions and Family
- Emergent Forms of Family
- Changing Marriage Practices
- Changing Care and Support Systems
- Family Laws
- Domestic Violence and Crime against Women

## Honour Killing

### Unit – 9: Science, Technology and Society

- History of Technological Development
- Changing notions of Time and Space
- Flows and Boundaries
- Virtual Community
- Media: Print and Electronic, Visual and Social Media
- E-Governance and Surveillance Society
- Technology and Emerging Political Processes
- State Policy, Digital Divide and Inclusion
- Technology and Changing Family Relations
- Technology and Changing Health System
- Food and Technology
- Cyber Crime

### Unit – 10 : Culture and Symbolic Transformations

- Signs and Symbols
- Rituals, Beliefs and Practices
- Changing Material Culture
- Moral Economy
- Education: Formal and Informal
- Religious Organizations, Piety and Spirituality
- Commodification of Rituals
- Communalism and Secularism
- Cultural Identity and Mobilization
- Culture and Politics
- Gender, Body and Culture
- Art and Aesthetics
- Ethics and Morality
- Sports and Culture
- Pilgrimage and Religious Tourism

- Religion and Economy
- Culture and Environment
- New Religious Movements

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